



The Price of Happiness: Needs for Investing in Teachers' Well-Being

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Acknowledgement

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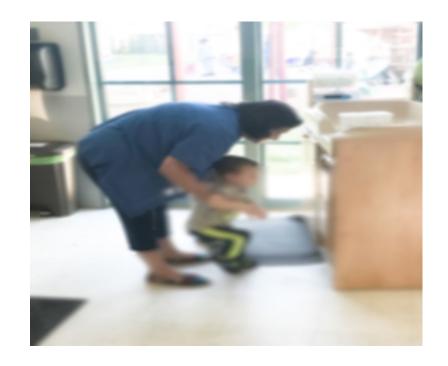
We are also thankful for our partner schools and participants!



Ms. Sexton's Story

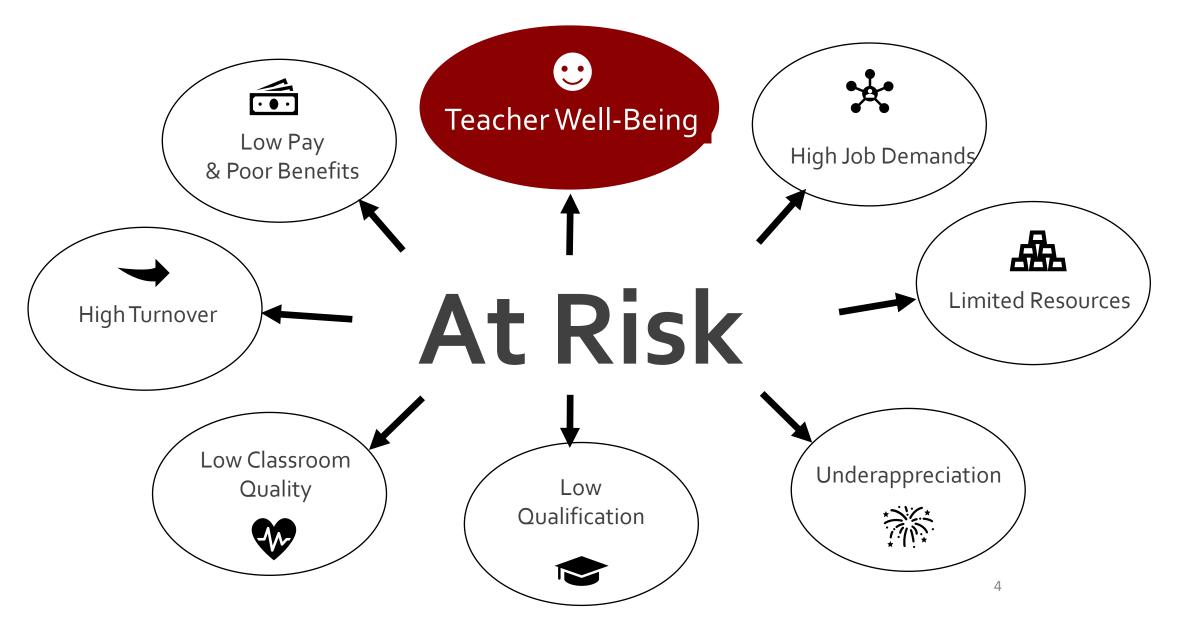
I've had my knees replaced.

It's some genetic, but also the work I do. I am up and down, up and down, up and down all the time. I recently had a rib out of place so I went to therapy and was out of work for six weeks because I couldn't lift. I think these issues are kind of normal for teachers, I guess.



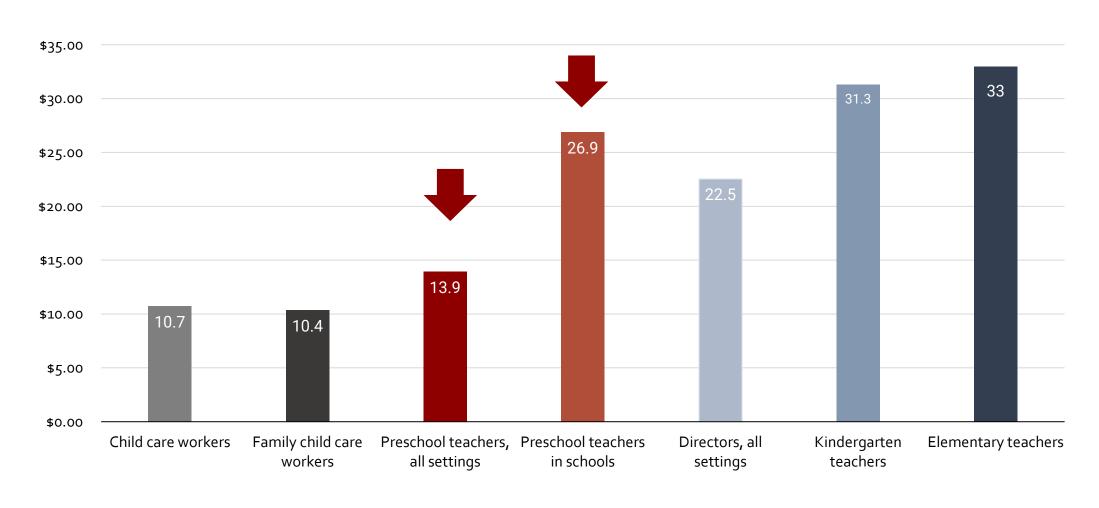


Early Childhood Workforce

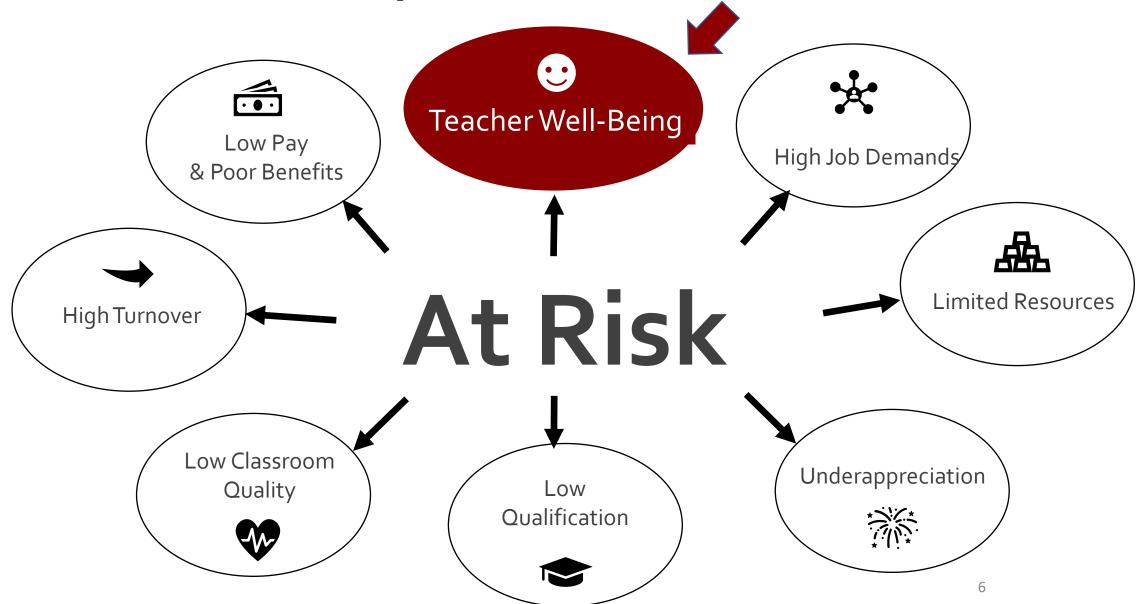


Median Hourly Wages by ECE Occupation

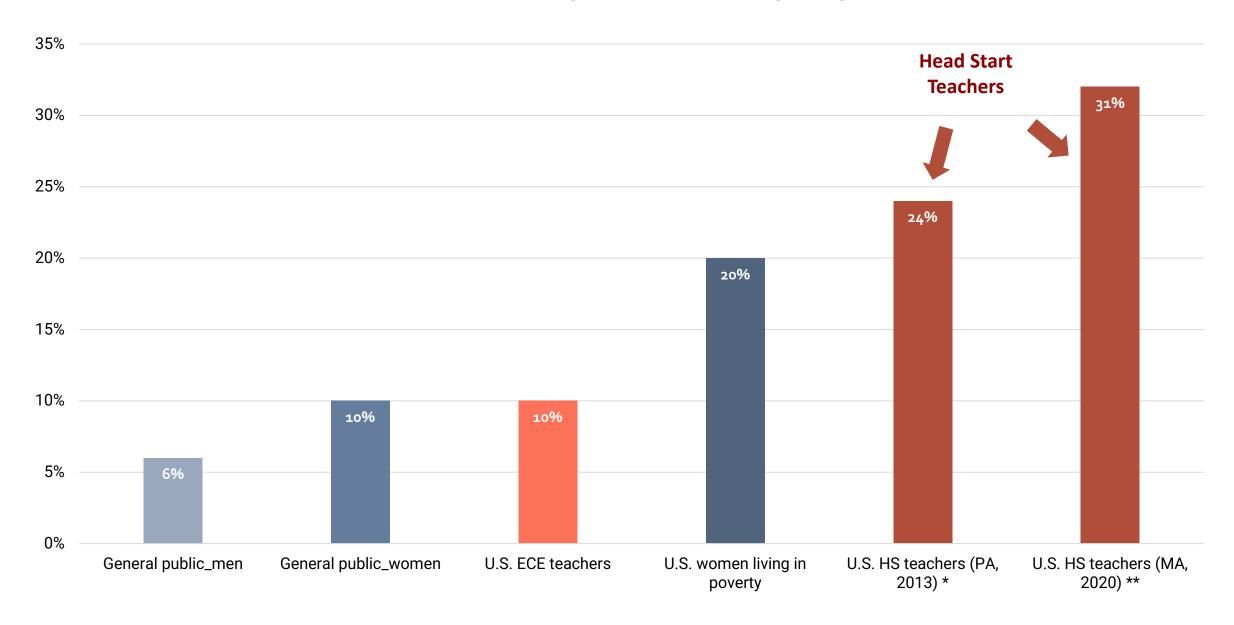
(Whitebook et al., 2018)



Early Childhood Workforce



ECE Teachers' Depressive Symptoms (%)





Happy Teacher Project:

Understanding and Supporting Whole Teacher Well-Being

Conceptual Modell

Physical Well-being Psychological Well-being



- General health
- Obesity
- Ergonomic pains
- Cardiorespiratory
- Work-related iniuries
- Exercise

Whole

Teacher

Well-Being



- Personal stress
- Job stress
- ACEs

Professional Well-being



- Relationship with









Work Environment & Workplace Support

- Work climate
- Compensation
- Benefits
- Breaks
- Job demand Physical environment

Integration of Two Studies on Teacher Well-Being

Happy Teacher Project

Phase 1: 262 early childhood teachers (serving children age o-preK) in Oklahoma

Phase 2: 40 teachers

Phase 1: Teacher questionnaire & direct assessment

Phase 2: Observation & interviews about teacher wellbeing and working conditions

COVID-19 Impact Study

1,434 early childhood teachers serving children age o-K across states in U.S.

Online survey on teacher wellbeing and work during the COVID-19 pandemic



Research Findings

Psychological Well-Being

Happy Teacher Project (n=262 in OK)

23% Depressed

21% 4+ACES scores

COVID Impact Study (n=1,434 in US)

48% Negative change in psychological well-being

35% Depressed
31% Diagnosed anxiety



Working Conditions



31% No health insurance provided by employer

39% No paid sick days

42% No Retirement plan

30% No resources for well-being

44% No designated break

75% Work environment somewhat positively +

33% No place for relaxation

No storage for belongings

Noise level disturbing

19% Furniture not adult size



Noise Level

Acoustics (Sound) Levels					
(measured in db)					
	Morning		Nap Time		
Low	54.8		44.35		
High	73.85		69.85		
Mean	63.94		55.62		
Recommended Level		35			

American National Standard Acoustical Performance Criteria (ANSI) S12.60



Decibel (dB) Range Chart

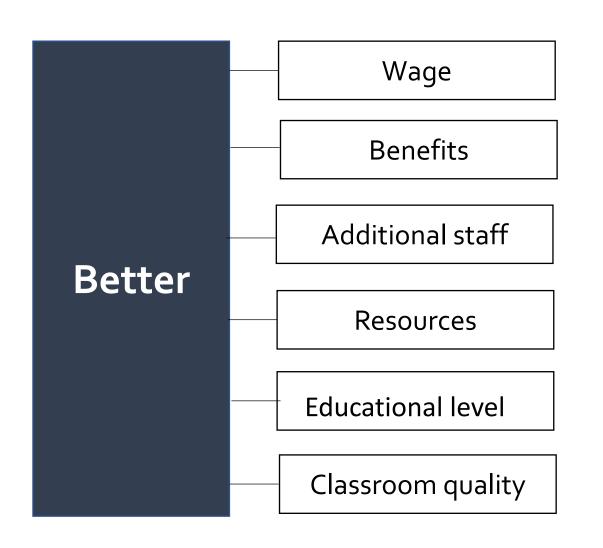
0dB	Threshold of human hearing	
10dB	Breathing	
20dB	Whisper, Light snoring	
30dB	Quiet room	
40dB	Moderate snoring	
50dB	Conversation	
60dB	Busy street, Alarm clock	
70dB	Hairdryer, Noisy restaurant	
80dB	Loud radio	
90dB	Bass drum	
100dB	Subway train	
110dB	Industrial noise	
120dB	Jet Plane take off	
130dB	Gunshot, Metal concert	
9999+ dB	ThePooN	

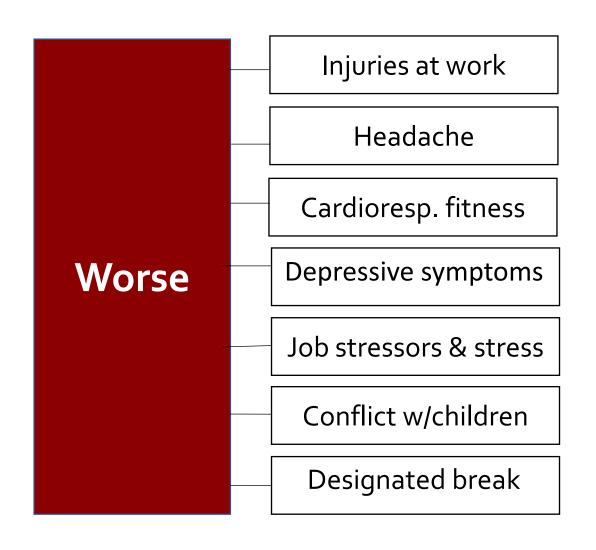
Teachers' Well-Being in the Context of Head Start

(n=262 in OK)



Working Conditions & Well-Being of Head Start Teachers (n=112) vs. Non-Head Start ECE Teachers (n=150)





Teachers' Well-Being

in the Context of COVID-19

(n=1,434 in US)



Well-Being Risk During the Pandemic by Teaching Modality

Teaching In-Person (27%)

Teaching Online (37%)

School Closed (36%)

→ Highest Risk Group

- Physical job demand
- Ergonomic pain
 (Severity & # of area)
- Personal stress
- Depression •
- Food insecurity •
- Job commitment
- Life satisfaction

- Secondary trauma
- Skill discretion
 (requiring high levels of job skills)

→ Lowest Risk Group

BUT well-being significantly varies by whether they are paid during the school closure



Teachers' Physical Well-Being

Ken Randall, PT, PhD

Happy Teacher Project:

Supporting Teachers'
Physical and
Psychological Well-Being

Conceptual Model

Physical Well-being

Psychological Well-being



- General health
- Obesity
- Ergonomic pains
- Cardiorespiratory
- Work-related injuries
- Exercise

Whole

Teacher

Well-Being



- Depression
- Personal stress
- · Job stress
- ACEs

Professional Well-being



- Relationship with children
- Job commitmer
- Self-efficacy
- Job retentio









- · Work climate
- Compensation
- Benefits
- BreaksJob demand
 - Physical environment

Physical Well-Being

Happy Teacher Project

(n=262 in OK)

75% Obesity/Overweight

66% 1+ Ergonomic pain (52% Back pain & 29 knee pain)

54% Below averagecardiorespiratory fitness

33% Urinary Track Infection

20% Asthma

COVID Impact Study

(n=1,434 in US)

Obesity/Overweight 77%

1+ Ergonomic pain 79% (52% Back pain & 29 knee pain)

Low food security

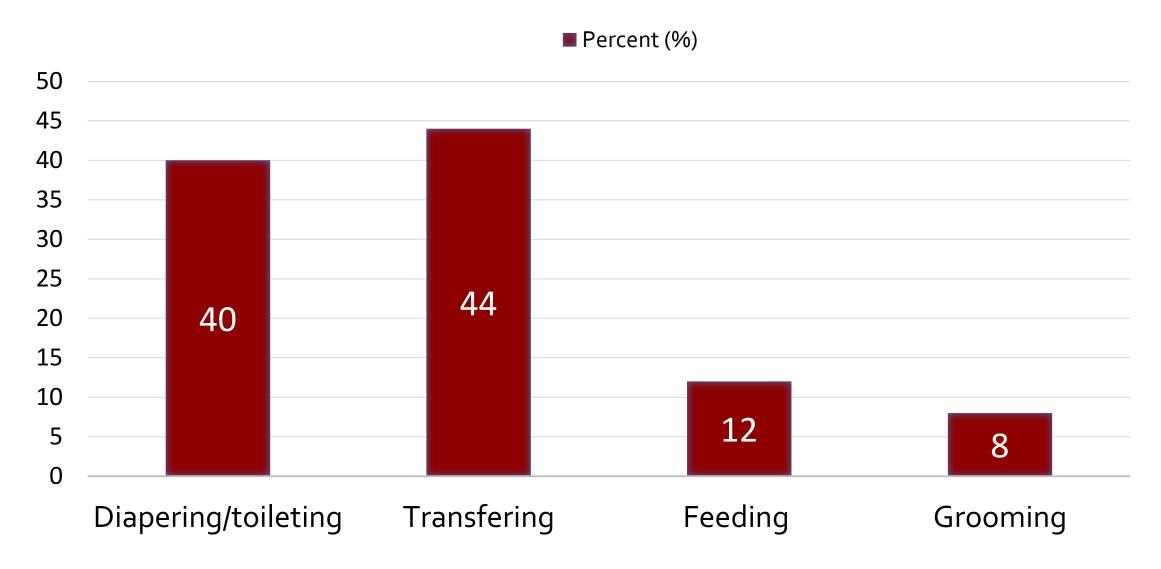
26%

Urinary Track Infection 23%

Asthma

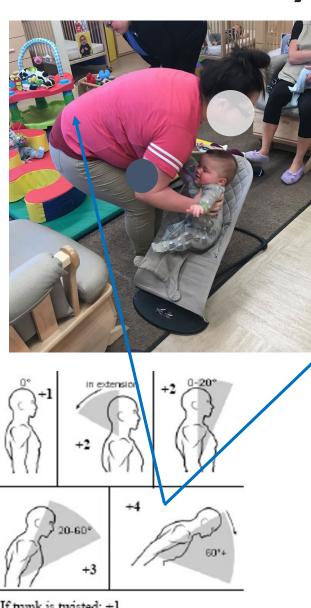
20%

Ergonomic Pain of Infant Toddler Teachers During Routine (n=159)

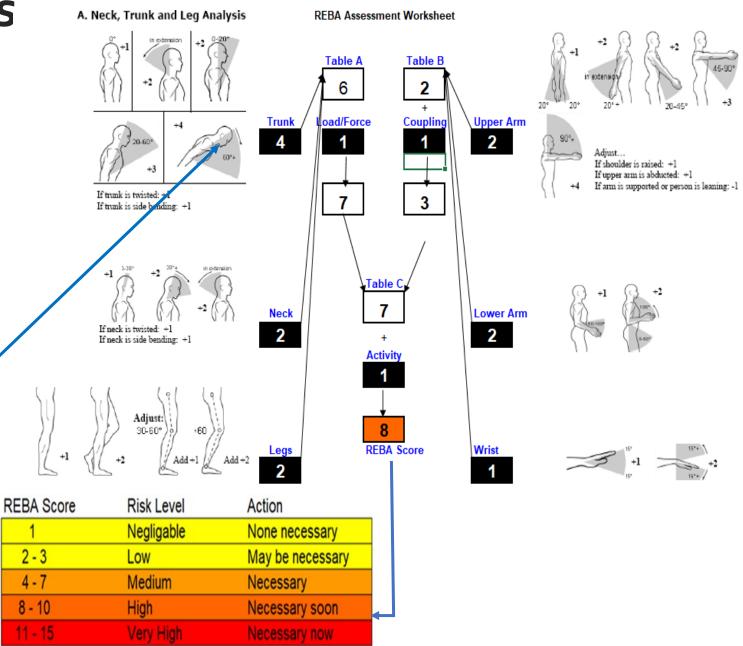


Note: This finding demonstrates the percent of infant toddler teachers who feel the ergonomic pain during each of the routine tasks

Ergonomic Analysis



If trunk is twisted: +1
If trunk is side bending: +1



Risk Levels of Activities

Activity	Mean REBA score	Risk Category	Frequency
Standing while holding and reaching	10	High	2
Sitting and reaching	9.33	High	3
Stooping while holding	8.09	High	22
Stooping	7.19	Medium	37
Squatting while holding	6.61	Medium	13
Stooping while reaching	6.5	Medium	6
Standing while reaching	6.43	Medium	11
Sitting	6.33	Medium	15
Squatting while reaching	6	Medium	3
Squatting	5.85	Medium	13
Walking	5.67	Medium	3
Standing while holding	5.5	Medium	33
Sitting while holding	5.45	Medium	11
Walking while holding	5.25	Medium	4
Standing	4.45	Medium	29





Ergonomic Analysis: Categories of Activities





Standing (includes sub-categories of lifting/carrying and/or reaching)









Stooping (also includes subcategories of lifting and/or reaching)

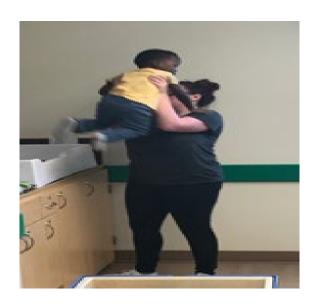




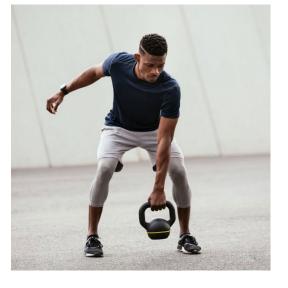
Squatting (includes subcategories of lifting and/or reaching)

Sitting (includes lifting and/or reaching)

"Educational Athletes"













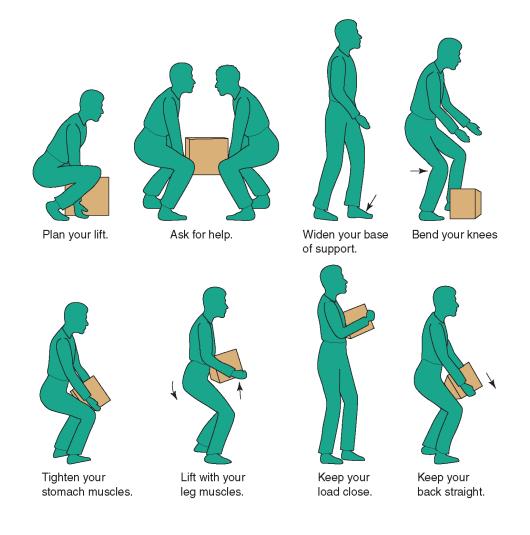




Recommendations: Ergonomic Adjustments

Performance of activities enhanced by:

- Awareness of deviations
- Education in safer movements
- Adjust the environment
- Educate teachers in proper lifting and alignment during activities





Teachers' Needs & Recommendations

Adrien Malek-Lasater, RD, PhD

Teachers' Wishlist



Recommendations for Improving Whole Teachers' Well-being

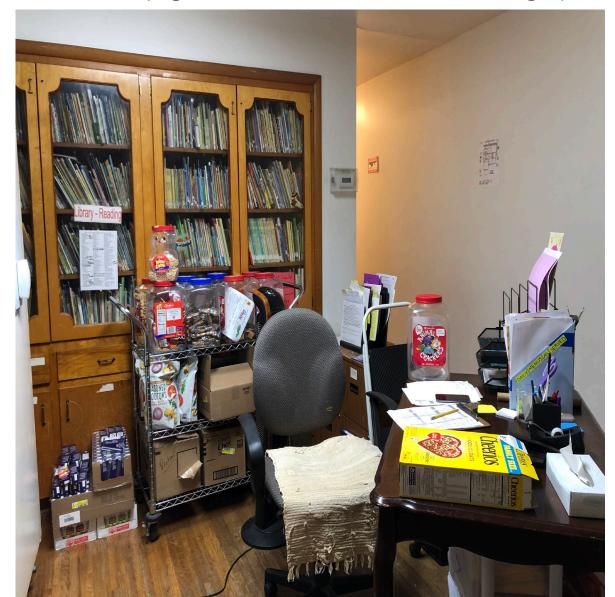
- Appropriate salary and benefits are necessary but not sufficient
- Create positive work climate (e.g., committee, teacher appreciation)
- More behavioral management support and coaching to work with children exposed to trauma
- More breaks (daily, monthly, yearly)
- Self-care and mindfulness training and mental health services
- Physical conditioning through exercise adopting an 'educational athlete' approach (addressing flexibility, strength, and endurance of teachers)
- Alter the way teachers perform activities (ergonomic adjustments)
- Alter the environment
- Add "resources for well-being" as a criteria for state regulations & QRIS systems
- More collaboration across disciplines and systems



Teachers Need a Break, a Real Physical & Mental Break!

Space for Relaxation

Access to daylight and views and flexible seating options



Vs.



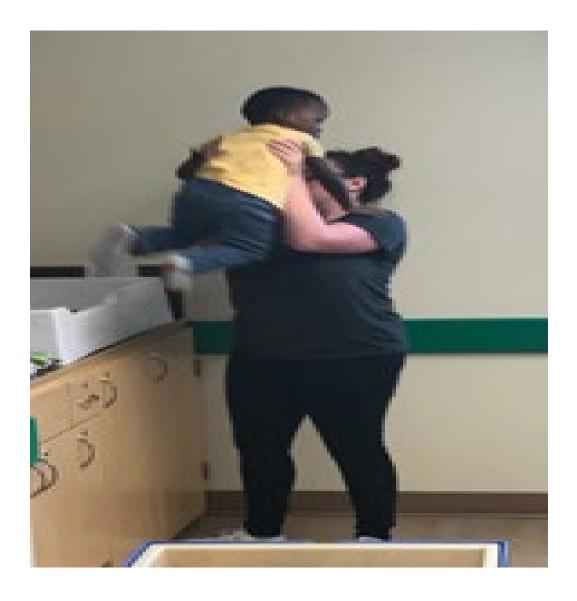
Child & Teacher-Friendly Environment



Vs.



Alter the Environment

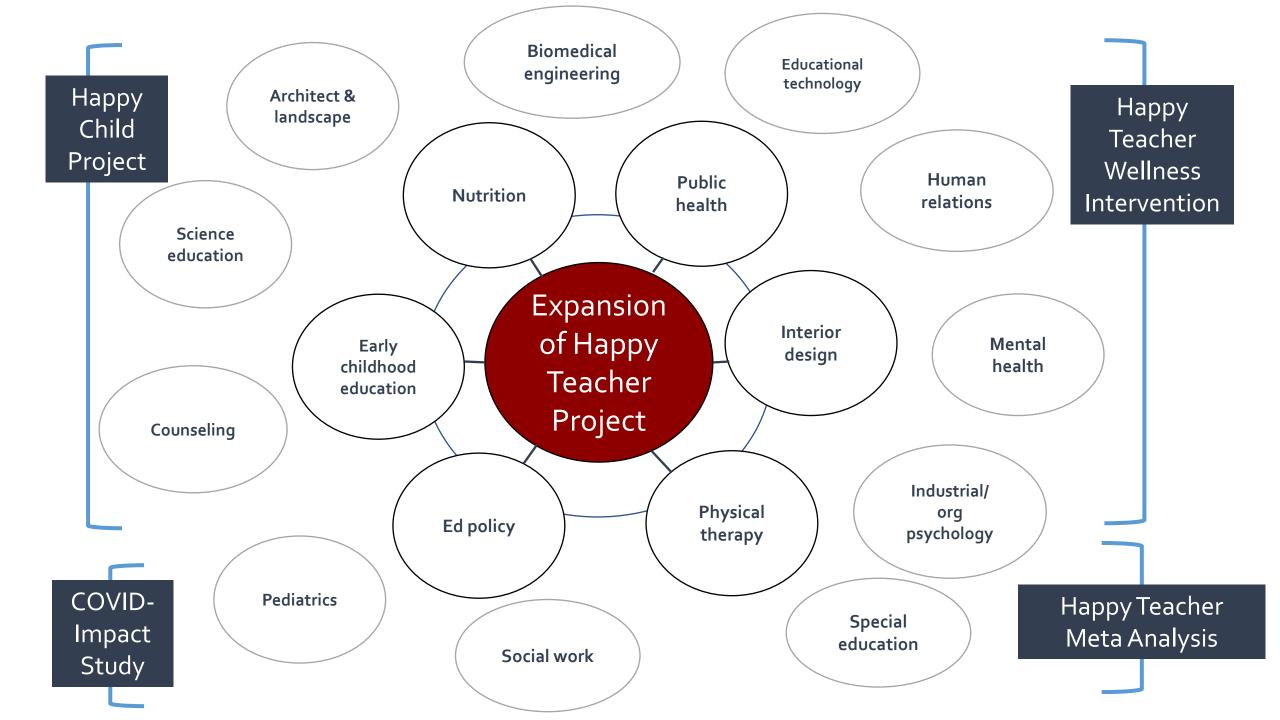


Vs.





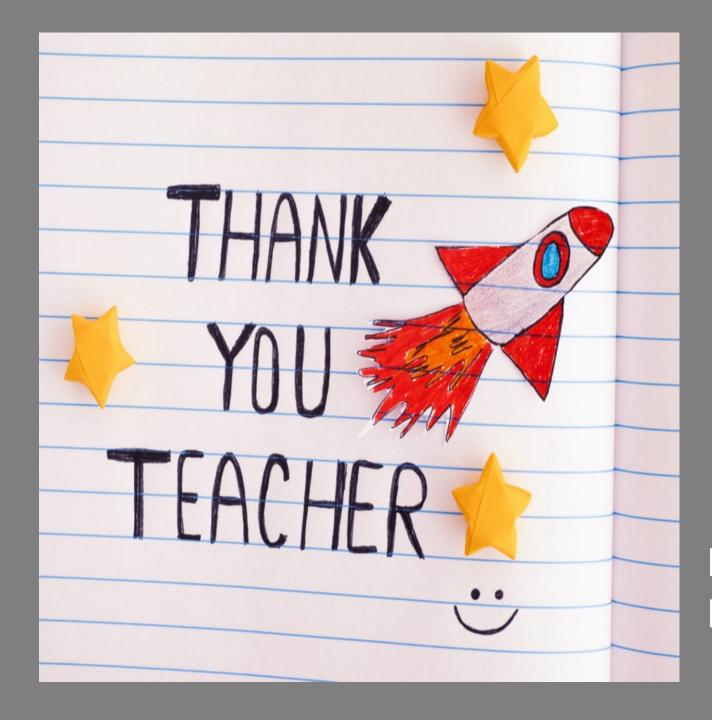
Next Steps





Teacher well-being is not only important

because it is linked to better care and learning outcomes, but also because it is human rights. Also, it is a way we can show—not just tell—our teachers that they matter and that we care about them as human beings.



From Happy Teacher Project Team